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HI 95747B
Cal Check® Standard Cuvet B
Safety Data Sheet
According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Revision Date: 2008-12-01
Reason for Revision: REACH Compliance and General Update

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT AND COMPANY

Product Name: HI 95747-11 Cal Check® Standard Cuvet B
Application: Color Standard Solution for Validation and Calibration of Hanna Ion Selective Photometers
HI 957XX Series

Additional Product Codes:

Company Information (USA):

Hanna Instruments, Inc.
584 Park East Dr, Woonsocket, Rhode Island, USA 02895

Technical Service Contact Information:

1-800-426-6287 (8:30AM - 5:00PM ET)
+1-401-766-4260 (8:30AM - 5:00PM ET)

USA Emergency Contact Information:

1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec 24Hr. Emergency)

International Emergency Contact Information:

+1-703-527-3887 (Chemtrec 24Hr. Emergency)

E-mail Address:

tech@hannainst.com

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION AND COMPONENT INFORMATION

Component:	Cobaltum Chloride Hexahydrate	Hydrochloric Acid
EC-No.:	231-589-4	231-595-7
CAS-No.:	7791-13-1	7647-01-0
Hazard:	T, N, Carc. Cat. 2	C
Phrases:	R: 22-42/43-49-50-53	R: 34-37
Content:	> 0.01% - < 1%	> 1% - < 10%

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

After Inhalation: Remove to fresh air.
After Skin Contact: Wash effected area with plenty of water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
After Eye Contact: Rinse out immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
After Swallowing: Drink plenty of water (if necessary several liters), induce vomiting. Seek medical advice if feeling unwell.
General Information:

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical Powder, Appropriate Foam.

Special Risks:

Non-combustible. Specific Hazard(s): Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. The following may develop in event of fire: Hydrogen Chloride Gas

Special Protective Equipment:

Do not stay in dangerous zone without suitable chemical protection clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Additional Information:

Cool container with spray water from a safe distance. Contain escaping vapors with water. Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance with the local regulations.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:

Do not inhale vapors/aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure supply of fresh air in enclosed rooms.

Environmental Precautions:

Do not allow to enter the sewerage system.

Additional Notes:

Take up with liquid-absorbent material. Clean up affected area and dispose according to local regulation.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Avoid generation of vapors/aerosols. Do not inhale substance.

Storage:

Tightly closed. In a well-ventilated place at +15 to +25 °C. Accessible only for authorized persons.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients:

EC

Name: Cobaltum dichloride hexahydrate

Carcinogenic: C 2:(should be regarded as if it is carcinogenic to man)

Sensitization: Danger of sensitization of the airways and the skin

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored:

COBALT DICHLORIDE

EXPOSURE LIMITS - GERMANY (max. workplace conc.)

Name: Cobalt, its alloys and water-soluble salts

Value: see MAK-List - Sensitized Working Materials

Sensitization: Sah Risk of airways and skin sensitization

Name: Cobalt and its bioavailable compounds (as inspirable dusts/aerosols)

Value: see MAK-List - Section IX: Carcinogenic Working Materials

Carcinogenic: cat. 2 carcinogenic on animal studies

HYDROGEN CHLORIDE

EXPOSURE LIMITS - EC

Source	Type	Value
OEL	OEL	8 mg/m ³ , 5 ppm

Engineering:

Maintain general industrial hygiene practice.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

Respiratory Protection:

Required when vapors/aerosols are generated. Work under hood.

Protective Gloves:

Rubber or plastic

Eye Protection:

Goggles or face mask

Industrial Hygiene:

Change contaminated clothing. Wash hands after working with substance.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Red liquid

Odor:

Odorless

Density at 20° C: ~ 1.0 g/cm³

Melting Point:

NA

Boiling Point:

ND

Solubility:

Soluble

pH at 20° C:

< 0.5

Explosion Limit:

NA

Flash Point:

NA

Thermal Decomp.:

NA

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to be Avoided:

Strong Heating

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Further Information:

Not available

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

In the event of fire: See section 5.

Substances to be Avoided:

Metals (generation of hydrogen), the generally known reaction partners of water.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Quantitative data on the toxicity of this product is not available.

APPLICABLE TO PARTIAL COMPONENT:

The following applies to Cobalt (II) Chloride Hexahydrate – as the pure substance:

Acute toxicity

LD50, Oral, Rat: 766 mg/kg

Remarks: behavioral: tremor; gastrointestinal: hyper motility, diarrhea. Nutritional and gross metabolic: weight loss or decreased weight gain.

LD50, Skin, Rat: > 2000 mg/kg

LD50 Intraperitoneal, Rat: 35 mg/Kg

Remarks: cardiac: other changes. Skin and appendages: Skin: after systemic exposure: dermatitis, other.

LD50, Intraperitoneal, Mouse: 90 mg/Kg

Sensitization

Sensitization: May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions.

Signs and symptoms of exposure

Large amounts of cobalt(II) chloride depress erythrocyte production which may lead to death in children. Inhalation may result in spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx and bronchi, chemical pneumonitis, and pulmonary edema. Symptoms of exposure may include burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, and vomiting. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.

Route of exposure

Skin Contact: Causes burns.

Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Eye Contact: Causes burns.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Target organ information

Thyroid. Heart. Male reproductive system. Blood. Kidneys. Pancreas.

Chronic exposure - carcinogen

Result: This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be probably carcinogenic based on its IARC, OSHA, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC Carcinogen List

Rating: Group 2B

Chronic exposure - mutagen

Human, 4500 UG/L, Cell Type: lymphocyte

DNA damage

Mouse, 2 UMOL/L, Cell Type: mammary gland

Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Chronic exposure - teratogen

Species: Mouse, Dose: 47590 mg/Kg

Route of Application: Intravenous

Exposure Time: (8D PREG)

Result: Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.

Chronic exposure - reproductive hazard

Species: Mouse, Dose: 3949 mg/Kg

Route of Application: Oral

Exposure Time: (13W MALE)

Result: Paternal Effects: Testes, epididymis, sperm duct.

Paternal Effects: Other effects on male.

APPLICABLE TO PARTIAL COMPONENT:

The following applies to Hydrogen Chloride – as the pure substance:

Acute toxicity

LC50, Inhalation, Rat: 3124 ppm(V)/1h – calculated on the pure substance.

Signs and symptoms of exposure

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Risk of perforation in the esophagus and stomach. After a latency period: cardiovascular failure.

Route of exposure

Skin Contact: Causes burns.

Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Eye Contact: Causes burns.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Chronic exposure - teratogen

Species: Rat, Dose: 450 mg/m³/1h

Route of Application: Inhalation

Exposure Time: (1D PRE)

Result: Specific Developmental Abnormalities.

In Case of Inhalation: Absorption. Mucosal irritations. Sensitization possible in predisposed persons.

In Case of Skin Contact: Slight irritations. Sensitization possible in predisposed persons.

In Case of Eye Contact: Irritations.

In Case of Ingestion: Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

Further Data: Symptoms of acute cobalt intoxication: diarrhea, loss of appetite, drop in body temperature, drop in blood pressure. Toxic effects on kidneys (proteinuria, anuria), heart and pancreas. The product should be handled with the usual care when dealing with chemicals. Property of this product must be anticipated on the basis from the components of the preparation:

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Quantitative data on the ecotoxicity of this product is not available.

APPLICABLE TO PARTIAL COMPONENT:

The following applies to Cobalt (II) Chloride Hexahydrate – as the pure substance:

Ecotoxicological effects

Test Type: EC50 Algae, Species: Chlorella vulgaris: Time: 96 h, value: 0.5 mg/L

Test Type: EC50 Daphnia, Species: Daphnia magna: Time: 48 h, value: 1.1 - 1.60 mg/L

Test Type: LC50 Fish, Species: Cyprinus carpio: Time: 96 h, value: 0.33 mg/L

APPLICABLE TO PARTIAL COMPONENT:

The following applies to Hydrogen Chloride – as the pure substance:

Ecotoxicological effects

Toxic effects on fish and plankton. Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Damage to plant growth.

The following applies to HCl in general: harmful effects on aquatic organisms. Harmful effects due to pH shift.

Biological effects: hydrochloric acid (including such due to reaction): lethal for fish as from 25mg/L.

Test Type: LC50 Species: Leuciscus idus: Time: 96 h, value: 862 mg/L (1N solution).

Harmful effects begins at: plants 6 mg/L. Does not cause biological oxygen deficit.

Further Data: Harmful for aquatic systems. May cause long term aquatic effects in the environment. Do not allow to enter waters, waste waters, or soil!

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Chemical residues are generally classified as special waste and thus covered by local regulations. Contact local authorities or disposal companies for advice. Handle contaminated packaging in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**Land:**

ADR/RID: 9, II
UN-No.: 3316
Name : CHEMICAL KIT

Sea:

IMDG: class 9/UN 3316/PG II
Name: CHEMICAL KIT
Marine Pollutant: No
Severe Marine Pollutant: No

Air:

ICAO/IATA: 9/UN 3316/PG II
Name: CHEMICAL KIT

Transport data applies to the COMPLETE KIT!

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**Labeling according to EC Directives:**

Symbol: T: Toxic

R-phrases: 49-42/43-52/53: May cause cancer by inhalation. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S-phrases: 53-36/37-45: Avoid exposure - obtain special instruction before use. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible).

Contains: Cobaltum chloride hexahydrate; Additional labeling: May produce an allergic reaction

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION***Text of R-phrases under Section 3***

22: Harmful if swallowed.
34: Causes burns.
37: Irritating to respiratory system.
42/43: May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.
49: May cause cancer by inhalation.
50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Revision Information

Revision Date: 2008-12-01
Supersedes edition of: 2008-01-03
Reason for revision: REACH Compliance and General Update

Legend

NA: Not Applicable
ND: Not Determined

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON THE PRESENT STATE OF OUR KNOWLEDGE. IT CHARACTERIZES THE PRODUCT WITH REGARD TO THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS. IT DOES NOT REPRESENT A GUARANTEE OF THE PROPERTIES OF THE PRODUCT.