

# Professional Digital Multimeter

True-RMS with  
Component and Logic Test

## Users Manual

- Mode d'emploi
- Bedienungshandbuch
- Manuale d'Uso
- Manual de uso



# 37XR Digital Multimeter













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## Safety Information

- The 37XR Digital Multimeter is UL, CSA, and EN61010-1 certified for Installation Category III – 600V and Category II – 1000V. It is recommended for use with local level power distribution, appliances, portable equipment, etc, where only smaller transient overvoltages may occur, and not for primary supply lines, overhead lines and cable systems.
- Do not exceed the maximum overload limits per function (see specifications) nor the limits marked on the instrument itself. Never apply more than 1000V dc/750 V ac rms between the test lead and earth ground.
- Inspect the DMM, test leads and accessories before every use. Do not use any damaged part.
- Never ground yourself when taking measurements. Do not touch exposed circuit elements or test probe tips.
- Do not operate the instrument in an explosive atmosphere.
- Exercise extreme caution when: measuring voltage >20V // current >10mA // AC power line with inductive loads // AC power line during electrical storms // current, when the fuse blows in a circuit with open circuit voltage >1000 V // servicing CRT equipment.
- Always measure current in series with the load – NEVER ACROSS a voltage source. Check fuse first. Never replace a fuse with one of a different rating.
- Do not change the position of the Function/Range Switch while the **MIN MAX**, feature is enabled. Erroneous readings will result.
- Remove test leads before opening the Battery Cover or case.

## Symbols Used in this Manual

	Battery		Refer to the manual
	Double insulated		Dangerous Voltage
	Direct Current		Earth Ground
	Alternating Current		Audible tone
	Fuse		Underwriters Laboratories, Inc
	Complies with EU directives		Canadian Standards Association

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## Introduction

The 37XR is a true rms autoranging handheld digital multimeter for measuring or testing the following:

- DC and AC voltage
- DC and AC current
- Resistance
- Inductance
- Frequency
- Dutycycle
- Capacitance
- Diodes
- Continuity
- dBm
- Logic Levels, TTL or CMOS

Additional features include: MIN MAX AVG, HOLD, REL, PEAK±, Backlight, and Range Lock

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## Making Measurements

### Verify Instrument Operation

Before attempting to make a measurement, verify that the instrument is operational and the battery is good. If the instrument is not operational, have it repaired before attempting to make a measurement.

### Range Selection

In addition to autoranging the 37XR allows you to manually select and lock a range by pressing the **RANGE** button. **RANGE** appears on the display to indicate that manual ranging is active. Each subsequent press of the range button steps the meter to the next higher range. When the highest range is reached the next press returns the meter to the lowest range. To return to autoranging press and hold the **RANGE** button for 2 seconds. **RANGE** no longer shows on the display.

Use autorange for all initial measurements. Then, when appropriate, use the **RANGE** button to select and lock a range.

#### Warning

**To avoid electrical shock while manual ranging use the display annunciators to identify the actual range selected.**

### Correcting an Overload (OL or -OL ) Indication

An OL or -OL indication may appear on the display to indicate that an overload condition exists. For voltage and current measurements, an overload should be immediately corrected by selecting a higher range. If the highest range setting does not eliminate the overload, interrupt the measurement until the problem is identified and eliminated. The OL indication is normal for some functions; for example, resistance, continuity, and diode test.

## Measuring DC Voltage

See Figure -1-

1. Set the Function Switch to  $\overline{V}$ .
2. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to  $V \Omega \rightarrow +$ , Black to **COM**
4. Connect the Test Probes to the circuit test points.
5. Read the display, and, if necessary, correct any overload (**OL**) conditions.

## Measuring AC Voltage (True rms) See Figure -2 - & -3-

See *Additional Features* to find out the advantages of true rms.

1. Set the Function Switch to  $\tilde{V}$ .
2. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
3. If **dBm** is displayed, press the yellow button to turn off **dBm** (enable  $\tilde{V}$ )
4. Connect the Test Leads: Red to  $V \Omega \rightarrow +$ , Black to **COM**
5. Connect the Test Probes to the circuit test points.
6. Read the display, and, if necessary, correct any overload (**OL**) conditions.

## Preparing for Current Measurements

- Turn off circuit power before connecting the test probes.
- Allow the meter to cool between measurements if current measurements approach or exceeds 10 amps.
- A warning tone sounds if you connect a test lead to a current input before you select a current function.
- Open circuit voltage at the measurement point must not exceed 1000 V.
- Always measure current in series with the load. Never measure current across a voltage source.

## Measuring DC Current

See Figure -4-

1. Set the Function Switch to a current function,  **$\mu A$** , **mA**, or **10A**.
2. If the **10A** function is not selected and **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to  **$\mu A$  mA or 10A**, Black to **COM**
4. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.
5. Open the test circuit ( $\rightarrow X \rightarrow$ ) to establish measurement points.
6. Connect the Test Probes in series with the load.
7. Turn on power to the circuit being measured.
8. Read the display, and, if necessary, correct any overload (**OL** or **-OL**) conditions.

## Measuring AC Current (True rms) See Figure -3- & -5-

See *Additional Features* to find out the advantages of true rms.

1. Set the Function Switch to a current function and range,  **$\mu A$** , **mA**, or **10A**.
2. If **DC** is displayed, press the yellow button to turn on **AC**.
3. If the  **$\mu A$**  or **mA** function is not selected and **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
4. Connect the Test Leads: Red to  **$\mu A$  mA or 10A**, Black to **COM**
5. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.

5. Open the test circuit ( $\rightarrow \times \leftarrow$ ) to establish measurement points.
6. Connect the Test Probes in series with the load.
7. Turn on power to the circuit being measured.
8. Read the display, and, if necessary, correct any overload (**OL**) conditions.

## Measuring Resistance

See Figure -6-

1. Set the Function Switch to  $\Omega$ .
2. If  $\Omega$  is displayed, press the yellow button to display  $\Omega$ .
3. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
4. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **V  $\Omega$   $\rightarrow \leftarrow$** , Black to **COM**
5. Turn off power to the circuit being measured. Never measure resistance across a voltage source or on a powered circuit.
6. Discharge any capacitors that may influence the reading.
7. Connect the Test Probes across the resistance.
8. Read the display. If **OL** appears on the highest range, the resistance is too large to be measured.

## Testing for Continuity

See Figure -7-

1. Set the Function Switch to  $\Omega$ .
2. If  $\Omega$  is displayed, press the yellow button to display  $\Omega$ .
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **V  $\Omega$   $\rightarrow \leftarrow$** , Black to **COM**
4. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.
5. Discharge any capacitors that may influence the reading.
6. Connect the Test Probes across the resistance.
7. Listen for the tone that indicates continuity ( $< 40 \Omega$ ).

## Testing Diodes

See Figure -8-

1. Set the Function Switch to  $\rightarrow \leftarrow$ .
2. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **V  $\Omega$   $\rightarrow \leftarrow$** , Black to **COM**
3. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.
4. Free at least one end of the diode from the circuit.
5. Connect the Test Probes across the diode.
6. Read the display. A good diode has a forward voltage drop of about 0.6 V. An open or reverse biased diode will read **OL**.

## Measuring Capacitance

See Figure -9-

1. Set the Function Switch to the  $\rightarrow \leftarrow$  function.
2. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **COM**, Black to **mA**
4. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.
5. Discharge the capacitor using a 100 k $\Omega$  resistor.
6. Free at least one end of the capacitor from the circuit.
7. Connect the Test Probes across the capacitor. When measuring an electrolytic capacitor match the test lead polarity to the polarity of the capacitor.
8. Read the display.

## Measuring Inductance

See Figure -10-

1. Set the Function Switch to **mH** or **H**.
2. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **⚡ H mA**, Black to **COM**
4. Turn off power to the circuit being measured.
5. Free at least one end of the inductor from the circuit.
6. Connect the Test Probes across the inductor.
7. Read the display.

## Measuring Frequency

See Figure -11-

1. Set the Function Switch to **Hz**.
2. If **%** is displayed, press the yellow button to display **Hz**.
3. If **RANGE** is displayed, press the **RANGE** button to enable autoranging.
4. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **Hz**, Black to **COM**
5. Connect the Test Probes to the signal source.
6. Read the display.

## Measuring Dutycycle

See Figure -12-

1. Set the Function Switch to **%**.
2. If **Hz** is displayed, press the yellow button to display **%**.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **%**, Black to **COM**
4. Connect the Test Probes to the signal source.
5. Read the display.

## Measuring dBm

See Figure -13-

The 37XR measures dBm relative to 1 mW referenced to 50  $\Omega$ . That is, 10 dBm = 10 mW, 0 dBm = 1 mW, -10 dBm = 0.1 mW, etc.

1. Set the Function Switch to **dBm**.
2. Press the yellow button. The display shows **dBm** to verify the selection.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **V  $\Omega$  ⚡**, Black to **COM**
4. Connect the Test Probes to the signal source.
5. Read the display.

## Testing Logic Levels

See Figure -14-

The 37XR tests logic levels for both TTL and CMOS logic. The meter displays **0L** plus a  $\wedge$  for a high-level (true) condition. The meter beeps and displays an **0L** and a  $\vee$  for a low-level (false) condition. See *Specifications* for the logic 1 and logic 0 voltage limits. Out-of-limits indications are displayed as **0L** only, no  $\wedge$ ,  $\vee$  or beep occur.

1. Set the Function Switch to **LOGIC**
2. Press the **TTL CMOS** button to display the selected type.
3. Connect the Test Leads: Red to **V  $\Omega$  ⚡**, Black to **COM**
4. Connect the black lead to logic common.
5. Connect the red lead to the logic test point.
6. Read the display.



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## Additional Features

### Input Test Lead Warning

The meter emits a continuous tone when a test lead is placed in the **mA** or **10A** input jack and the Function/Range Switch is not set to a correct current position. (If the meter is connected to a voltage source with leads connected for current, very high current could result). All current ranges are protected by fast acting fuses.

### True-rms Measurements

For ac measurements most DMMs average the ac input signal and display the result as an estimated rms value. This average-responding method is accurate for sinusoidal waveforms, but can be very inaccurate for distorted waveforms. To ensure the most accurate measurements, always use a true-rms DMM when measuring ac voltage or ac current on circuits for the following kinds of applications:

- Power Supplies - diodes
- Controllers
- Power Limiting - SCR or Triac
- Starting - motors
- Florescent Lighting - ballasts
- Speed Control - motors
- Pulsed Signals
- Any non-sinusoidal ac waveform

### MIN MAX AVG Measurements

The MIN MAX AVG function reads and updates the display to show the maximum or minimum value measured after you press the **MIN MAX AVG** button.

Pressing the **MIN MAX AVG** button for less than 1 second will put the meter into a mode of displaying the maximum, minimum, average, or actual readings. Each time the button is pressed, the meter will cycle to the next display mode as shown in the table below. Press the **MIN MAX AVG** button for more than 2 seconds to disable this feature.

Button	Display	Value Displayed
< 1 second	<b>REC MAX</b>	Maximum value after feature activated
	<b>REC MIN</b>	Minimum value after feature activated
< 1 second	<b>REC AVG</b>	Average value after feature is activated
< 1 second	<b>REC</b>	Actual reading, min max being recorded.
> 2 seconds	Exit <b>MIN MAX AVG</b>	Normal measurement, actual reading


### Peak Hold Measurements

*Note: The PEAK function calibrates itself to meet the specifications.*

Peak Hold records and stores the positive and negative peak values that occur while measuring ac current or ac voltage. To enable the Peak Hold feature press the **PEAK** button for more than 2 seconds. The display will show **CAL** to indicate the calibration cycle is in process. After the **CAL** indication clears, press the **PEAK** button again to display the maximum (P+) value for the ac voltage or ac current being measured. The display will toggle between the P+ and P- readings each time the **PEAK** button is pressed. Press the **PEAK** button for more than 1 second to exit the PEAK function.

## Beeper Off

The beeper is an aural indicator to identify when the DMM is performing a function, making a range change, detecting a limit, and so on. To disable the beeper use the following procedure:

1. Set the Function Switch to **OFF**.
2. Press and hold the **HOLD** button while turning the Function Switch to the desired function. The no-beep symbol  shows on the display.
3. Release the **HOLD** button. The Auto Power Off feature will remain disabled until the meter is turned off and then on.

*Note: To disable both the beeper and Auto Power Off press and hold the **REL** button while turning on the DMM.*

## Auto Power Off

Auto Power Off is a battery saving feature that puts the meter into a sleep mode if the Function/Range Switch has not changed position in the last 30 minutes. To wake the meter turn it off and then on.

The Auto Power Off feature can be disabled to keep the meter from going to sleep. This feature is useful when using the MIN MAX mode for extended periods. To disable the Auto Power Off feature use the following procedure:

1. Set the Function Switch to **OFF**.
2. Press and hold the **MIN MAX AVG** button while turning the Function Switch from **OFF** to the desired function. The **SLEEP OFF** message shows on the display.
3. Release the **MIN MAX AVG** button. The Auto Power Off feature will remain disabled until the meter is turned off and then on.

*Note: To disable both Auto Power Off and the beeper press and hold the **REL** button while turning on the DMM.*

## REL (Relative) Measurements


The Relative mode displays the difference between the actual reading and a reference value. It may be used with any function or range. To make a relative measurement first establish a reference value by measuring a value and then pressing the **REL** button after the reading has stabilized. This stores the measured value as the reference and sets the display to zero. The meter subtracts the reference value from subsequent measurements and displays this difference as the relative value. Measurement values greater than the reference value will be positive and values less than the reference value will be negative.

To exit the Relative Mode, Press and hold the **REL** button for 2 seconds.

## HOLD Measurements

The **HOLD** button causes the meter to capture and continuously display a measurement reading. To use the **HOLD** feature make a measurement, and then, after the reading has stabilized, momentarily press the **HOLD** button. You can remove the test leads and the reading will remain on the display. Pressing the **HOLD** button again releases the display.

## Backlight

Pressing the  button illuminates the display with a blue backlight. The backlight will automatically turn off in about 60 seconds. Frequent use of the backlight will decrease battery life.

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## Product Maintenance

### Cleaning

To clean the meter, use a soft cloth moistened with water. To avoid damage to the plastic components do not use benzene, alcohol, acetone, ether, paint thinner, lacquer thinner, ketone or other solvents to clean the meter.

### Troubleshooting

If the meter appears to operate improperly, check the following items first.

1. Review the operating instructions to ensure the meter is being used properly.
2. Inspect and test the continuity of the test leads.
3. Make sure the battery is in good condition. The low battery symbol  appears when the battery falls below the level where accuracy is guaranteed. Replace a low-battery immediately.
4. Check the condition of the fuses if the current ranges operate incorrectly.

### Battery and Fuse Replacement

See Figure **-15-**

#### WARNING

**To avoid electrical shock remove the test leads from both the meter and the test circuit before accessing the battery or the fuses.**

To access the battery and the mA fuse remove the two screws holding the Battery/Fuse Cover in place, and lift the cover from the meter.

To replace the mA fuse, pry it from its clips using a small screwdriver. A spare mA fuse is located between the battery and the mA fuse.

**mA Fuse:** Fast Blow .5A/1000V, minimum interrupt rating 30 kA (6.3 x 32 mm) (Meterman FP500)

To replace the 10 A fuse: 1) Remove the battery. 2) Remove the four rear-case screws. 3) Separate the case. 4) Remove the 10 A fuse cover. 5) Remove and replace the 10A fuse. 6) Re-install the fuse cover. 7) Reassemble the meter.

**10A Fuse:** Fast Blow 10A/1000V, minimum interrupt rating 30 kA (10 x 38 mm) (Meterman FP100).

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## Repair

All test tools returned for warranty or non-warranty repair or for calibration should be accompanied by the following: your name, company's name, address, telephone number, and proof of purchase. Additionally, please include a brief description of the problem or the service requested and include the test leads with the meter. Non-warranty repair or replacement charges should be remitted in the form of a check, a money order, credit card with expiration date, or a purchase order made payable to Meterman Test Tools.

### In-Warranty Repairs and Replacement – All Countries

Please read the warranty statement located at the front of this manual and check your batteries and fuses before requesting repair. During the warranty period any defective test tool can be returned to your Meterman Test Tools distributor for an exchange for the same or like product. Please check the "Where to Buy" section on [www.metermantesttools.com](http://www.metermantesttools.com) for a list of distributors near you. Additionally, in the United States and Canada In-Warranty repair and replacement units can also be sent to a Meterman Test Tools Service Center (see below for address).

## Non-Warranty Repairs and Replacement – US and Canada

Non-warranty repairs in the United States and Canada should be sent to a Meterman Test Tools Service Center. Call Meterman Test Tools or inquire at your point of purchase for current repair and replacement rates.

### **In USA**

Meterman Test Tools  
1420 75<sup>th</sup> Street SW  
Everett, WA 98203  
Tel: 800-993-5853  
Fax: 425-446-6390

### **In Canada**

Meterman Test Tools  
400 Britannia Rd. E. Unit #1  
Mississauga, ON L4Z 1X9  
Tel: 905-890-7600  
Fax: 905-890-6866

## Non-Warranty Repairs and Replacement – Europe

European non-warranty units can be replaced by your Meterman Test Tools distributor for a nominal charge. Please check the “Where to Buy” section on [www.metermantesttools.com](http://www.metermantesttools.com) for a list of distributors near you.

### **European Correspondence Address\***

Meterman Test Tools Europe  
P.O. Box 1186  
5602 BD Eindhoven  
The Netherlands

*\* (Correspondence only – no repair or replacement available from this address. European customers please contact your distributor.)*

## **WARRANTY**

This 37XR Digital Multimeter is warranted against any defects of material or workmanship within a period of three (3) years following the date of purchase of the multimeter by the original purchaser or original user. Any multimeter claimed to be defective during the warranty period should be returned with proof of purchase to an authorized Meterman Test Tools Service Center or to the local Meterman Test Tools dealer or distributor where your multimeter was purchased. See Repair section for details. Any implied warranties arising out of the sale of a Meterman Test Tools multimeter, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are limited in duration to the above stated one (1) year period. Meterman Test Tools shall not be liable for loss of use of the multimeter or other incidental or consequential damages, expenses, or economical loss or for any claim or claims for such damage, expenses or economical loss. Some states do not allow limitations on how long implied warranties last or the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

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## Specifications

### General Specifications

(Stated accuracy at 23 °C  $\pm$  5 °C, <75 % relative humidity.)

**Display:** 4  $\frac{3}{4}$  digit liquid crystal display (LCD) with a 41 segment analog bargraphic.


**Auto ranging:** 9999 counts

**Manual ranging:** 9999 counts

**Polarity:** Automatic, positive implied, negative polarity indication.

**Overrange:** (OL) or (-OL) is displayed.

**Zero:** Automatic.

**Low battery indication:** The  is displayed when the battery voltage drops below the operating level.

**Auto power off:** Approx. 30 minutes.

**Measurement rate:** 2 times per second, nominal.

**Operating environment:** 0 °C to 45 °C at <70 % R.H.

**Storage temperature:** -20 °C to 60 °C, 0 to 80 % R.H. with battery removed from meter.

**Temperature Coefficient:** 0.1  $\times$  (specified accuracy) per °C. (0 °C to 18 °C, 28 °C to 45 °C).

**Altitude:** (2000 m) 6562 feet

**Power:** Single standard 9-volt battery, NEDA 1604, JIS 006P, IEC 6F22.

**Battery life:** 75 hours typical with carbon-zinc. 150 hours typical with alkaline. Using the backlight will decrease battery life.

**Dimensions:**

196 mm (H)  $\times$  92 mm (W)  $\times$  60 mm (D).

**Weight:**

with battery and holster, 482 grams

**Box contents:**

Test leads /w alligator clips	1 set
Users Manual	1
Magne-Grip® Holster	1
Clip, magnet, and strap.	1
9V battery (installed)	1
spare mA fuse 0.5A/1000V	1

### Approvals:

**Safety:** Conforms to EN61010- 1: Cat II – 1000V / Cat III - 600V; Class 2, Pollution degree II; UL3111-1; CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1, criteria B.



**EMC:** Conforms to EN61326-1.

This product complies with requirements of the following European Community Directives: 89/ 336/ EEC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) and 73/ 23/ EEC (Low Voltage) as amended by 93/ 68/ EEC (CE Marking). However, electrical noise or intense electromagnetic fields in the vicinity of the equipment may disturb the measurement circuit. Measuring instruments will also respond to unwanted signals that may be present within the measurement circuit. Users should exercise care and take appropriate precautions to avoid misleading results when making measurements in the presence of electronic interference.

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### Electrical Specifications

#### DC VOLTS

Ranges: 1000mV, 10V, 100V, 1000V (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 100  $\mu$ V

Accuracy:  $\pm$ (0.1 % rdg + 5 dgts)

Input impedance: 10 M $\Omega$

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

#### AC VOLTS TRUE RMS (45 Hz - 2 kHz)

Ranges: 1000mV, 10V, 100V, 750V (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 100  $\mu$ V

Minimum reading on 1000mV range: 14 mV

Accuracy:

$\pm$ (1.2 % rdg + 10 dgts) 45 Hz to 500 Hz

$\pm$ (2.0% rdg + 10 dgts) 500 Hz to 2 kHz

$\pm$ (2.0% rdg + 10 dgts) 45 Hz to 1 kHz on 750 V range

Peak Hold accuracy:  $\pm(3.0\% + 200 \text{ dgts})$  on 100V, 750V range

1000mV, 10V ranges unspecified

Crest Factor:  $\leq 3$

Input impedance: 10 M $\Omega$

AC coupled true rms specified from 5% to 100% of range

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

### DC CURRENT

Ranges: 100 $\mu$ A, 1000 $\mu$ A, 10mA, 100mA, 400mA, 10A (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 0.01  $\mu$ A

Accuracy:

$\pm(0.5\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 100 $\mu$ A range

$\pm(0.5\% \text{ rdg} + 5 \text{ dgt})$  on 1000 $\mu$ A to 400mA ranges

$\pm(1.5\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 10A range

Input protection: 0.5A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse 6.3 $\times$ 32 mm on  $\mu$ A/mA input

10A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse

10 $\times$ 38 mm on 10A input

10A input: 10 A for 4 minutes maximum followed by a 12 minute cooling period

Burden voltage:

$\mu$ A Range: 1 mV/ 1  $\mu$ A

mA Range: 10 mV/ 1 mA

A Range: 35 mV/ 1 A

### AC CURRENT TRUE RMS (45 Hz to 1 kHz)

Ranges: 100 $\mu$ A, 1000 $\mu$ A, 10mA, 100mA, 400mA, 10A (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 0.01  $\mu$ A

Accuracy:

$\pm(1.5\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 100 $\mu$ A to 100mA ranges

$\pm(2.0\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 400mA range

$\pm(2.5\% \text{ rdg} + 20 \text{ dgts})$  on 10A range

Peak Hold accuracy:  $\pm(3.0\% + 200 \text{ dgts})$  100 $\mu$ A range unspecified

Crest Factor:  $3 \leq$

AC coupled true rms specified from 5 % to 100 % of range

Input protection: 0.5A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse 6.3 $\times$ 32 mm on  $\mu$ A/mA input

10A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse

10 $\times$ 38 mm on 10A input

10A input: 10 A for 4 minutes maximum followed by a 12 minute cooling period

Burden voltage: See DC Current

### RESISTANCE

Ranges: 1000 $\Omega$ , 10k $\Omega$ , 100k $\Omega$ , 1000k $\Omega$ , 10M $\Omega$ , 40M $\Omega$  (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 100 m $\Omega$

Accuracy:  $\pm(0.5\% \text{ rdg} + 8 \text{ dgts})$  on 1000 $\Omega$  to 1000k $\Omega$  ranges

$\pm(1.0\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 10M $\Omega$  range

$\pm(2.0\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 40M $\Omega$  range

Open circuit volts: -0.45 V dc typical

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

### CAPACITANCE

Ranges: 40nF, 400nF, 4 $\mu$ F, 40 $\mu$ F 400uF (3999 counts) (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 0.01 nF

Accuracy:  $\pm(3.0\% \text{ rdg} + 10 \text{ dgts})$  on 40nF, 400uF ranges

$\pm(3.0\% \text{ rdg} + 5 \text{ dgts})$  on 400nF to 40uF ranges

Test voltage:  $< 1 \text{ V}$

Test Frequency: 1.3 Hz on 40nF to 40 $\mu$ F ranges; 0.7 Hz on 400 $\mu$ F range

Input protection: 0.5A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse 6.3 $\times$ 32 mm on  $\mu$ A/mA input

### INDUCTANCE

Ranges: 4mH, 40mH, 400mH, 4H, 40H ( 3999 counts ) (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 1  $\mu$ H

Accuracy:  $\pm(5.0\% \text{ rdg} + 30 \text{ dgts})^*$

\*For values of  $Q \leq 7$

Test frequency: 1 kHz on 4mH, 40mH ranges, 200 Hz on 400mH to 40H ranges.

Input protection: 0.5A/1000V fast blow ceramic fuse 6.3 $\times$ 32 mm on  $\mu$ A/mA input

## **FREQUENCY**

Ranges: 100Hz, 1000Hz, 10kHz, 100kHz, 1000kHz, 10MHz, (Auto/Manual ranging )

Resolution: 0.01 Hz

Accuracy:  $\pm(0.1 \% \text{ rdg} + 5 \text{ dgts})$

Sensitivity: 3Hz to 1MHz:  $>1.5 \text{ V rms}$ ; 1MHz to 10MHz:  $>2 \text{ V rms}$ ,  $<5 \text{ V rms}$

Minimum input range: 100Hz range  $> 3 \text{ Hz}$ , 1000Hz range  $> 30 \text{ Hz}$

Minimum pulse width:  $> 25 \text{ ns}$

Duty cycle limits:  $> 30 \%$  and  $< 70 \%$

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

## **DUTY CYCLE**

Ranges: 0 to 90 %

Resolution: 0.01 %

Pulse width: $>10 \text{ us}$

Frequency range:

0% to 10% (40 Hz to 990 Hz)

10% to 90% (40 Hz to 20 kHz)

Accuracy: (5 V logic )  $\pm(2.0 \% \text{ rdg} + 20 \text{ dgts})$

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

## **LOGIC TEST**

Logic Type: TTL, CMOS

Thresholds Logic 1 ( Hi ):

TTL :  $2.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.8 \text{ V}$ , CMOS:  $4 \text{ V} \pm 1 \text{ V}$

Thresholds Logic 0 ( Lo ):

TTL :  $0.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ , CMOS:  $2 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

Test Voltage: TTL: 5 V dc, CMOS:  $> 5 \text{ V dc}$  and  $< 10 \text{ V dc}$

Frequency Response: 20 MHz

Pulse Width: 25 ns min

Duty Cycle:  $>30 \%$  and  $<70 \%$

Indication: 40 ms beep at logic 0 ( LO )

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

## **dBm**

Ranges: -13dBm to + 50dBm

Resolution: 0.01 dBm

Accuracy:

$\pm 0.7 \text{ dB} + 8 \text{ dgts}$  ( 45 Hz to 5 kHz )

$\pm 2.5 \text{ dB} + 8 \text{ dgts}$  ( 5 kHz to 10 kHz )

Reference impedance: 50  $\Omega$

Input protection: 10 M $\Omega$

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

## **CONTINUITY**

Audible indication: Less than 40 $\Omega$

Response time: 100 ms

Overload protection: 1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

## **DIODE TEST**

Test current: 1.0 mA (approximate)

Accuracy:  $\pm(1.5 \% \text{ rdg} + 5 \text{ dgts})$

Resolution: 1 mV

Open circuit volts: 3.0 dc typical

Overload protection:

1000 V dc or 750 V ac rms

mA, 10A jack: Input warning detects wrong function selection

## **AUXILIARY FEATURES**

MIN/AVG/MAX: Displays the maximum, minimum, or average reading following a MIN, MAX, or AVG selection.

DATA HOLD: Freeze the latest reading on the display.

REL: Initiates relative measurements.

PEAK+/-: Record the peak+ or peak- value in a measurement. It is usable with ac voltage, ac current measurements. If the pressed time  $>2$  seconds, the PEAK function will enter the calibration mode; the LCD will show CAL and the internal buffer will remember the internal offset voltage then go back to the measure mode.

RANGE: Initiates manual-range selection.

Backlight: Backlight auto-off approx. 60 seconds

TTL/CMOS: Shift LOGIC TTL or CMOS

Shift: Shift dBm, ACA, continuity, DUTY CYCLE

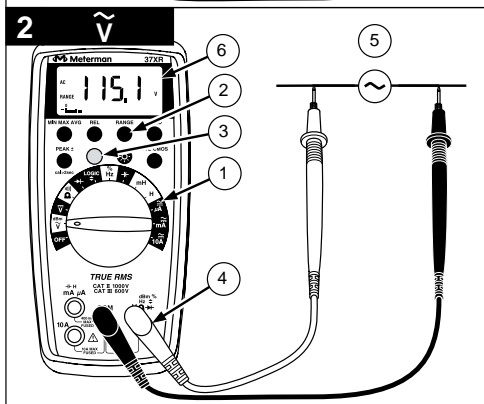
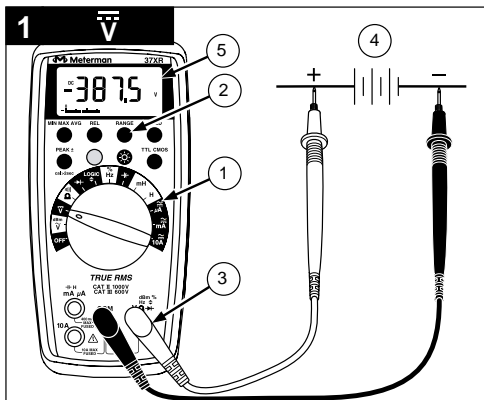
## **REPLACEMENT PARTS**

TL36 Test Lead Set with Alligator clips

FP500 mA fuse - Fuse Pack 0.5A/1000V (4 each)

FP100 10A fuse - Fuse Pack 10A/1000V (2 each)

XR-H2 Magne-Grip<sup>®</sup> Holster, clip, magnet, and strap

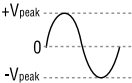

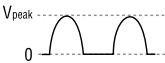
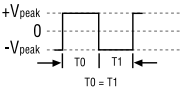
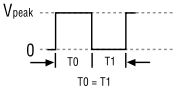
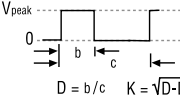
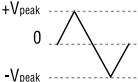




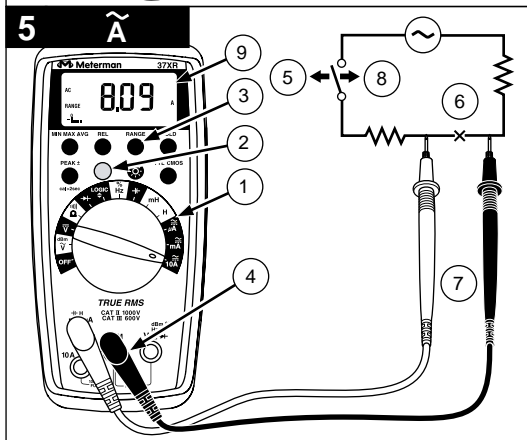
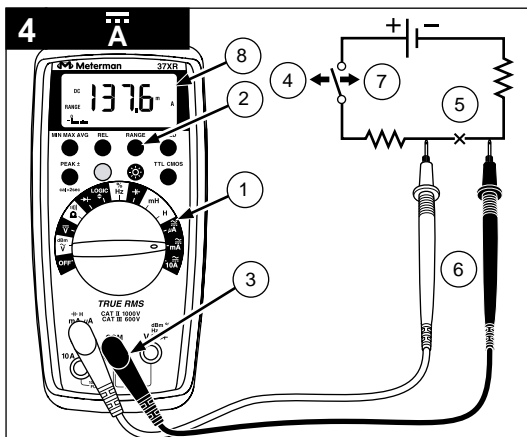
# 3 True rms

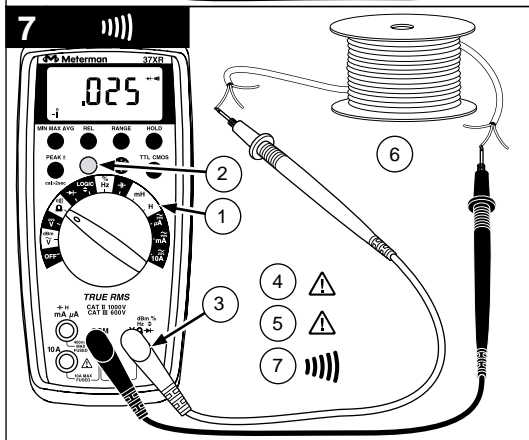
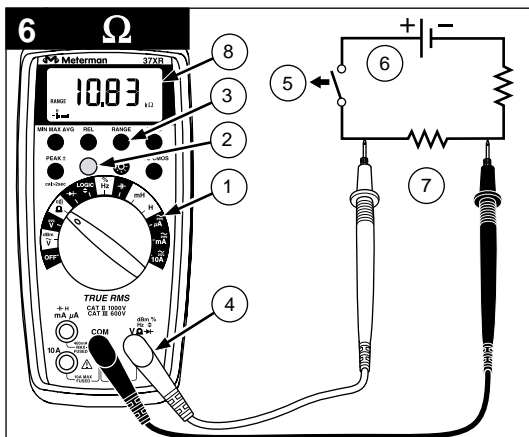
Input Waveform  
Signal d'entr e  
Eingangsschwingungsform  
Forma d'onda d'ingresso  
Forma de onda de entrada

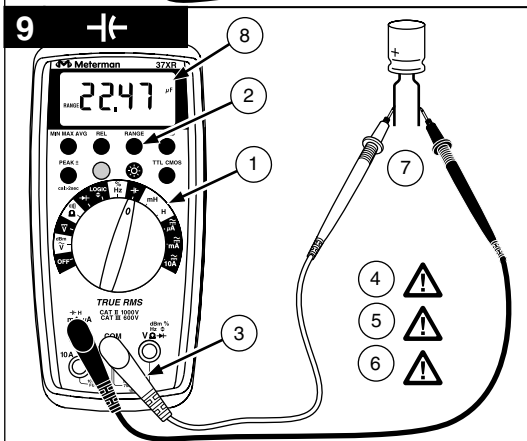
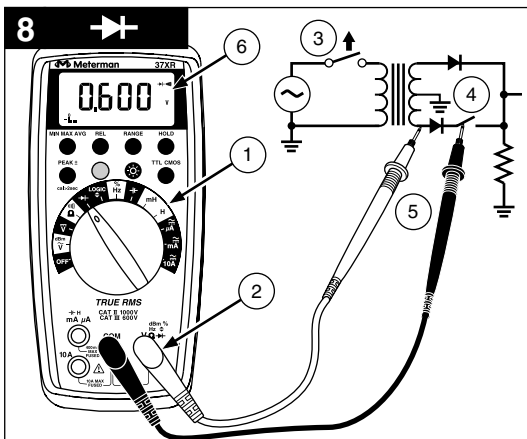
37XR  
AC True rms \*

Sine Wave Sinuso dale Sinusschwingung Onda sinusoidale Onda sinusoidal		$.707 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 1.414
Full Wave, Sine Wave Onde complete, Sinuso dale Volle Schwingung, Sinusschwingung Onda sinusoidale, onda intera Onda completa, Onda sinusoidal		$0.308 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 3.247
Half-Wave, Sine Wave Demi-onde, sinuso dale Halbschwingung, Sinusschwingung Onda sinusoidale, semionda Media onda, onda sinusoidal		$0.386 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 2.591
Square Wave Onde carr�e Rechteckschwingung Onda quadra Onda cuadrada		$1.000 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 1.000
Square Wave Onde carr�e Rechteckschwingung Onda quadra Onda cuadrada		$0.500 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 2.000
Pulse Wave Onde impulsionnelle Impulsschwingung Onda dell'impulso Onda de impulsos		$V_{peak} \times K$ CF = $1 / K$ $D = b / c \quad K = \sqrt{D - D^2}$
Sawtooth Wave Onde en dent de scie S gezahnschwingung Onda a denti di sega Onda diente de sierra		$0.577 \times V_{peak}$ CF = 1.733

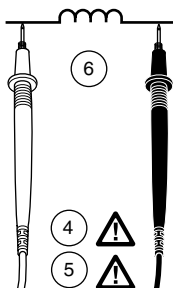
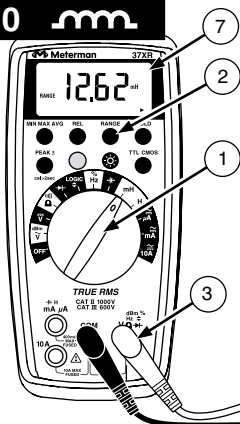
\* CF = Crest Factor, Crest Factor =  $V_{peak} / V_{rms}$



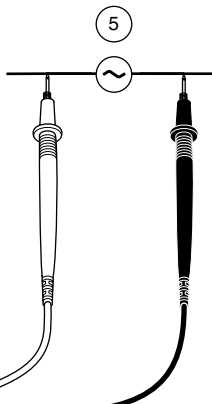
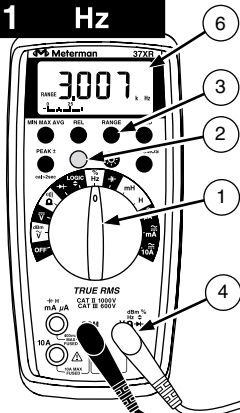


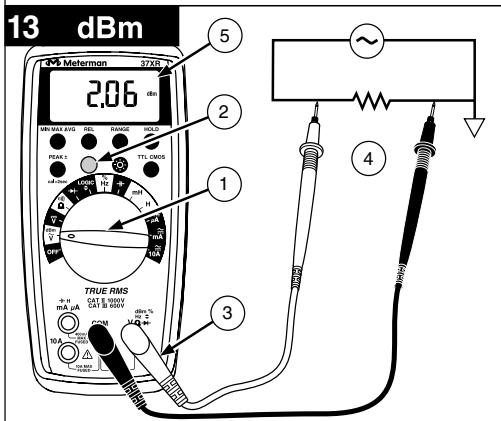
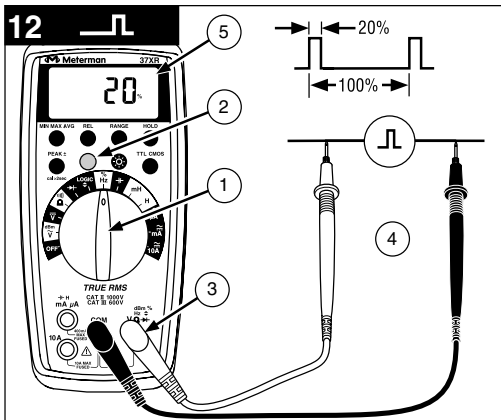


# 10 $\text{mH}$

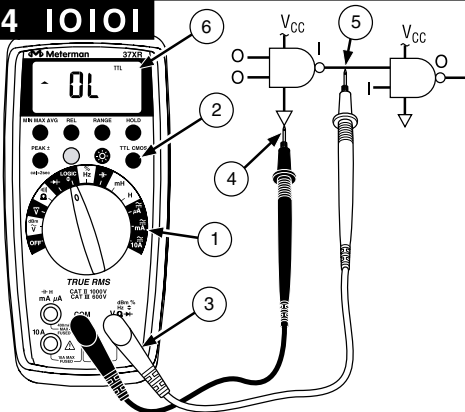


# 11 Hz

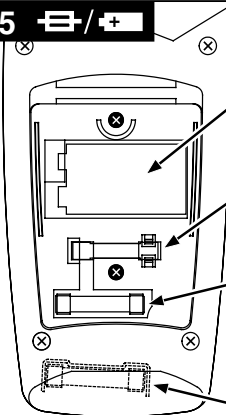




## 14 10101



## 15 /



⊗ (2)

9 V Battery  
Pile 9 V  
9 V Batterie  
Pila de 9 V  
Batería de 9 V

Spare 500 mA fuse  
Fusible 500 mA de rechange  
500 mA Ersatzsicherung  
Fusibile di ricambio da 500 mA  
Fusible de recambio de 500 mA

500 mA Fuse  
Fusible 500 mA  
500 mA Sicherung  
Fusibile da 500 mA  
Fusible de 500 mA

⊗ (2) ⊗ (4)

10 A Fuse  
Fusible de 10 A  
10 A Sicherung  
Fusibile da 10 A  
Fusible de 10 A



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