

DIGITAL MULTIMETER WITH AC/DC CLAMP SENSOR

KEW MATE 2000/2001





5. PREPARATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT

Set the Function Selector Switch to any position other than the OFF position. If the marks on the display is clearly legible without symbol "BATT" showing, battery voltage is OK. If the display blanks or "BATT" is indicated, replace the batteries according to section 8: Battery Replacement.

NOTE

NOTE

When the instrument is left powered on, the auto-power-save function automatically shut the power off; The display blanks even if the Function Selector Switch is set to a position other than the OFF position in this state. To power on the instrument, turn the Function Selector Switch or press the Data Hold Button. If the display still blanks, the batteries are exhausted. Replace the platteries

(2) Make sure that the Function Selector Switch is set to the appropriate range. Also make sure that data hold function is not enabled. If inappropriate range is

(3) Install Test Lead to the Holster on the side of body It is possible to measure with seeing the LCD Display keep Test Lead installing to the Holster.



6. HOW TO MAKE MEASUREMENT

- •In order to avoid possible shock hazard, never make measurement on circuits with a maximum voltage difference of 600VAC/DC or greater between conductors (300VAC/DC or greater between a conductor and
- Keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier during measurement.

⚠ CAUTION

•When handling the clamp sensor, exercise caution not to apply excessive shocks or vibration to the sensor.
•Maximum measurable conductor size is MODEL2000 6mm / MODEL2001 10mm in diameter.

1. SAFETY WARNINGS

This instrument has been designed and tested according to IEC Publication 61010: Safety Requirements for Electronic Measuring Apparatus. This instruction manual contains warnings and safety rules which must be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to retain it in safe condition. Therefore read through these operating instructions before starting using the instrument.

⚠ WARNING

- Read through and understand instructions contained in this manual before starting using the instrument.

 Save and keep the manual handy to enable quick reference wheneve
- Be sure to use the instrument only in its intended applications and to follow measurement procedures described in the manual.
- Be sure to understand and follow all safety instructions contained in the manual.

Failure to follow the above instructions may cause injury, damage to the instrument

The symbol ${ riangle}$ indicated on the instrument means that the user must refer to rel parts of the manual for safe operation of the instrument. Be sure to carefully read the instructions following each Δ symbol in this manual.

⚠ DANGER is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal

injury.

A WARNING is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause serious or fatal injury.

CAUTION is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause minor injury or instrument damage.

Following symbols are used on the instrument and in the instruction manual. Attention should be paid to each symbol to ensure your safety.

Refer to the instructions in the manual.

This symbol is marked where the user must refer to the instruction manual so as not to cause personal injury or instrument damage.

Indicates an instrument with double or reinforced insulation

- Indicates that this instrument can clamp on bare conductors when measuring a voltage corresponding to the applicable Measurement category, which is marked next to this symbol.
- Indicates AC (Alternating Current).Indicates DC (Direct Current).
- Indicates AC and DC.

△ DANGER

- ■Never make measurement on circuits with a maximum voltage difference of 600VAC/DC or greater between conductors (300VAC/DC or greater between a
- conductor and ground).

 Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gass Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which leads to an
- Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet.

- Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet.

 Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of measuring ranges.

 Never open the battery compartment cover while making measurement.

 Never try to make measurement if any abnormal conditions, such as broken Transformer jaws or case is noted.

 The instrument is to be used only in its intended applications or conditions. Otherwise, safety functions equipped with the instrument doesn't work, and instrument damage or serious personal injury may be caused.



- (1)The Function Selector Swith to the " → A" position.

 ("DC" and "AUTO" marks are shown on the top of the display.)

 (2)Turn the O(Zero) ADJ knob to set the reading of the multimeter to zero. (If this zero adjustment is made incorrectly, measurement errors will result.)

 (3)Adjust one of the conductors to the center of the clamp sensor's arrow.
- (When the position of the conductor is not at the center of the arrow, the error
- (When the position of the conductor is not at the center of the arrow, the error occurs.)

 Measured value is shown on the display.

 Note: When current flows from the upside to the underside of the instrument, the polarity of the reading is positive (+). Otherwise, the polarity of the reading is negative (-).

- (1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "~A."

 ("AC" and "AUTO" marks are shown on the top of the LCD.)

 (SAdjust one of the conductors to the center of the clamp sensor's arrow.

 (When the position of the conductor is not at the center of the arrow, the error occurs.)

 Measured value is shown on the display
- Note: Unlike DC current measurement, zero adjustment is not necessary. There is not polarity indication either.

⚠ DANGER

- ②DINGER

 In order to avoid possible shock hazard, never make measurement on circuits with a maximum voltage difference of 600 VAC/DC or greater between conductors (300 VAC/DC or greater between a conductor and ground).

 ③Do not make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.

 ⑥Keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier during measurement.

- (1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "....V."

 ("DC" and "AUTO" marks are shown on the top of the LCD.)

 (2)Connect the red test lead to the positive (+) side of the circuit under test and the black test lead to the negative (-) side. Measured voltage value is shown on the disclay.
- on the display. When the connection is reversed, "-" is shown on the display.

- 6-2-2 AC Voltage Measurement
 (1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "~V."
 ("AC" and "AUTO" marks are shown on the LCD.)
 (2)Connect the test leads to the circuit under test.
 Measured voltage value is shown on the display.

⚠ DANGER

- Never make measurement on circuits that are live.

 Never make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.

 Keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier during measurement

↑ WARNING

- WANNING

 Never attempt to make any measurement, if any abnormal conditions are noted, such as broken case, cracked test leads and exposed metal parts.

 Do not turn the Function Selector Switch while the test leads are connected to the circuit under test.
- Do not install substitute parts or make any modification to the instrument. Beturn
- o flot instant substitute parts of make any minoritation to me insturment. Returns of einstrument to Kyoritsu or your distributor for repair or re-calibration. o not try to replace the batteries if the surface of the instrument is wet, ways disconnect the clamp sensor and the test leads from the circuit under test ad switch off the instrument before opening the battery compartment cover for attery replacement.

△ CAUTION

- ●Make sure that the Function Selector Switch is set to an appropriate position before making measurement.

 Always make sure to place the test leads in the test lead holder before making current measurement.
- current measurement.

 Do not expose the instrument to the direct sun, extreme temperatures or dew fall.

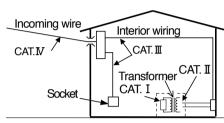
 Be sure to set the Function Selector Switch to the "OFF" position after use. When the instrument will not be used for a long period of time, place it in storage after removing the batteries.

 Use a damp cloth and detergent for cleaning the instrument. Do not use
- Measurement categories (Over-voltage categories)
 To ensure safe operation of measuring instruments, IEC61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as CAT I to CATIV, and called measurement categories. Higher-numbered categories correspond to electrical environments with greater momentary energy, so a measuring instrument designed for CAT II.
- CAT. II: Secondary electrical circuits connected to an AC electrical outlet through a transformer or similar device.

 CAT. II: Primary electrical circuits of equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord.

 CAT. III: Primary electrical circuits of the equipment connected directly to the distribution
- CAT.III. : Firmfary electrical criticals of the explainment contributed unleted the contribution panel to outlets.

 CAT.IV: The circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary over-current protection device (distribution panel).



2. FEATURES

- Permits AC/DC current measurement up to 60A using a clamp sensor that comes

- Permits AC/DC current measurement up to 60A using a clamp sensor that comes standard with the instrument
 Clamp sensor for ease of use in crowded cable areas and other tight places
 Permits current measurement with an open current-clamp sensor that does not require opening and closing operations by the user
 Auto-power-save function
 Buzzer for easy continuity checking
 Data hold function to freeze the readings
 LCD with a 3400 count full scale bar graph
 Shock absorbing holster for ease of storage
 Designed to international safety standard IEC61010-1: over-voltage category CAT. III,
 300V and pollution degree 2.

- (1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "Ω ✓ · ∅ ." (2)Check that the display shows over-range. Short the test leads and check that the buzzer beeps and the display reads zero. (3)Connect the test leads to the circuit under test. Measured resistance value is shown on the display. When the measured value is below about 30 Ω, the buzzer beeps
- shown on the display. Writer the interest of the state begs.

 Note: When the test leads are shorted, the display may read a small resistance value. This is the resistance of the test leads.

 If there is an open in either of the test leads. "OL" is shown on the display. On the 340 Ω range, "-) " is shown on the left side of the LCD.

6-4 Frequency Measurement

- In order to avoid possible shock hazard, never make measurement on circuits with a maximum voltage difference of 600VAC/DC or greater between conductors (300VAC/DC) or greater between a conductor and ground).

 Do not make measurement with the test leads connected to the circuit under test. Never make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.

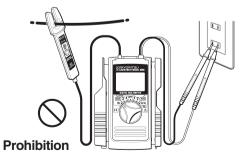
 Do not make current measurement with the test leads connected to the circuit.
- Keep your fingers and hands behind the barrier during measurement.

- (1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "Hz."
 (2)Measuring frequency of current:
 Adjust one of the conductors to the center of the clamp sensor's arrow.
 Measured value is shown on the display.
 Measuring frequency of voltage:
 Connect the test leads to the circuit under test. Measured frequency is
- shown on the display.

 Note: Measuring range of current frequency is 0-10kHz with minimum measurable input of MODEL2000 15A(Typ)/MODEL2001 25A(Typ).

 Measuring range of voltage frequency is 0-300kHz with minimum measurable input of 30V(Typ).

 When measuring frequency, do not attach the clamp sensor and the test leads to the circuit under test simultaneously.



7. OTHER FUNCTIONS

NOTE

A small amount of current is consumed even in the power-save state. Make sure to set the Function Selector Switch to the OFF position when the instrument is not used.

3. SPECIFICATIONS

 \bullet Measuring Ranges and Accuracy (at 23 $^{\circ}$ C \pm 5 $^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity75% or less)

AC Current ~A							
MODEL	Range		Measuring Range		Accuracy		
2000 607		0A	0-60.0A		±2.0%rdg±5dgt(50/60Hz)		
2001 10		00A	0-100.0A		±2.0%rdg±5dgt(50/60Hz)		
DC Current A							
MODEL Ra		nge	Measuring Range		Accuracy		
2000 60.		0A	0-±60.0A		±2.0%rdg±5dgt		
2001 10		0A	0-±100.0	A	±2.0%rdg±5dgt		
AC Voltage ~ V Input impedance: 10M Ω							
Range		Measuring Range			Accuracy		
3.4V		0-600V (Auto-ranging)					
34V							
340V				±1.5%rdg±5dgt(50-400Hz)			
600V					i		
DC VoltageV Input impedance: 10M Ω							
Range		Measuring Range		Accuracy			
340m ¹	V						
3.4V		0-±600V		±1.5%rdg±4dgt			
34V							
2401/	,	(Auto-ranging)		1			

Resistance	Ω /	/ ·0	
Range		Measuring Range	Accuracy
340 Ω			±1.0%rdg±3dgt
3.4kΩ			Buzzer beeps below 30±10 Ω
34k Ω		0-33.99M Ω	(Continuity buzzer works on 340 Ω range
340kΩ		(Auto-ranging)	only)
3.4M Ω			±5%rdg±5dgt
34M Ω			±15%rdg±5dgt
Frequency	Hz	Z	
Dango		Moscuring Pango	Accuracy

requency	Hz				
Range	Measuring Range	Accuracy			
Current	0-3.399kHz 3.4kHz-10kHz (Auto-ranging)	±0.1%rdg±1dgt			
Voltage	0-3.399kHz 3.4kHz-33.99kHz 34kHz-300kHz (Auto-ranging)	±0.1%rdg±1dgt			

Safety Standard

- nEU o1010-1 over-voltage category CAT. III , 300V, pollution degree 2 over-voltage category CAT. II , 600V, pollution degree 2 IEC 61010-2-031 IEC 61010-2-032 IEC 61326 (EMC) Dual interration

- IEC 61326 (EMC)
 Dual integration
 Liquid crystal display with maximum reading of 3399
 as well as units and annunciators
 Bar graph with maximum points of 33
 "OL" on the LCD (2 ranges only)
 Shifts to the next higher range when bar graph increases to 33 points
 Shifts to the next lower range when bar graph decreases to 3 points
 Numeric reading: about 400ms,
 bar graph: about 20ms
- Sample Rate
- This function helps to avoid unwanted exhaustion of the batteries because of
- This function helps to avoid unwanted exhaustion of the batteries because of leaving the instrument powered on and extend battery life. The instrument automatically shifts to the power-save state about 10 minutes after the last Function Selector Switch or other switch operation. To return to the normal state: Turn the Function Selector Switch or press the Data Hold Button twice to exit the power-save state and enable measurement

7-2 Data Hold Function

This is a function to freeze a measured value on the display. Press the Data Hold Button once to hold the current reading. In this data hold state, the reading is held even if input varies. "H" and " " marks are shown on the LCD instead of "AUTO" mark.

To exit the data hold state, press the Data Hold Button again.

7-3 Range Hold Function

The instrument defaults to auto-ranging ("AUTO" is shown on the LCD). Pressing the Range Hold Button enables manual selection among measurement ranges ("@" mark is shown on the LCD instead of "AUTO" mark) Press the Range Hold Button to select a higher range.

To switch from manual range selection to auto-ranging, press down the Range Hold Button for about one seconds, or turn the Function Selector Switch to another position before setting it back to the current range.

8. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

♠ WARNING

⚠ CAUTION

 ●Do not mix new and old batteries.
 ●Install batteries in the orientation as shown inside the battery compartment, observing correct polarity.

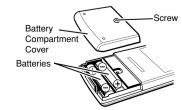
When the battery voltage warning mark "BATT" is shown on the top left corner of the LCD, replace the batteries. Note that the display blanks and "BATT" mark is not shown if the batteries are completely exhausted.

(1)Set the Function Selector Switch to "OFF."

(2)Remove the instrument from the holster.

(3)Loosen the battery-compartment-cover-fixing screw on the lower back of

the instrument.
(4) Replace the batteries with two new R03 (UM-4) 1.5V batteries.
(5) Put the battery compartment cover back in place and tighten the screw



 Location for use
 Accuracy-insured Accuracy-insured
 Temperature and
 Humidity Ranges
 Operating Temperatur
 and Humidity Range
 Storage Temperature
 and Humidity Range

Overload Protection

Conductor Size

Indoor use, Altitude up to 2000m 23°C±5°C, relative humidity 75% or less (without condensation) 0-40°C, relative humidity 85% or less

(without condensation)
-20-60°C, relative humidity 85% or less (without condensation)
Two 1.5VDC R03 (UM-4) batteries Approx. 10mA
Shifts to the power-save state about 10 minutes after the last switch operation

the last switch operation (current consumption: approx. 10 μ A) AC/DC current ranges: MODEL2000 AC/DC 72A for 10 seconds AC/DC current ranges: MODEL2001 AC/DC 120A for

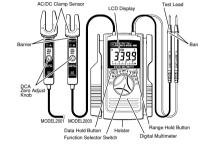
10 seconds
AC/DC voltage ranges: AC/DC 720V for 10 seconds
Resistance ranges: AC/DC 720V for 10 seconds
Frequency ranges: AC/DC 720V for 10 seconds
AC3700V for 1 minute between electrical circuit and

Withstand Voltage housing case $10M\Omega$ or greater at 1000V between electrical circuit

and housing case
MODEL2000 Approx. 6mm diameter max.
MODEL2001 Approx. 10mm diameter max.

● Dimensions MODEL2000 | 128(L)×87(W)×24(D)mm |
■ Weight | MODEL2000 | 128(L)×92(W)×27(D)mm |
■ Work | MODEL2000 | Approx. 210g |
■ MODEL2001 | Approx. 210g |
■ Accessories | Two Ro3 (UM-4) batteries

4. INSTRUMENT LAYOUT



Battery Voltage Warning Data Hold Auto Range Unit ÀC DC CAM AUTO (11 MkΩHź mVA) Buzzer -- 1))

Manual
Range 0 · 10 · 20 · 30 Innlandanlandanla

DISTRIBUTOR

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