

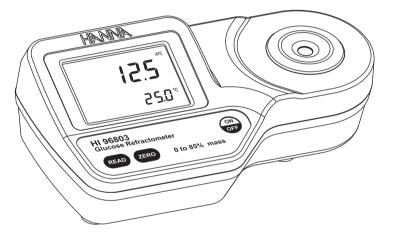
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## **Instruction Manual**

# HI 96803 Refractometer for Glucose Measurements





Dear Customer.

Thank you for choosing a Hanna product. This manual will provide you with the necessary information for the correct use of the instrument. Please read it carefully before using the meter. If you need additional technical information, do not hesitate to e-mail us at tech@hannainst.com. This instrument is in compliance with **C€** directives.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION	2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION	3
SPECIFICATIONS	3
PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION	4
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	5
DISPLAY ELEMENTS	6
WARNINGS	6
ERROR MESSAGES	7
CALIBRATION PROCEDURE	8
MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	9
MAKING A STANDARD SOLUTION	10
CHANGING TEMPERATURE UNITS	10
BATTERY REPLACEMENT	11
WARRANTY	

# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

Remove the instrument from the packing materials and examine carefully to ensure no damage has occurred during shipping. If any damage has occurred, notify your Dealer or closest Hanna Customer Service Center.

Each HI 96803 instrument is supplied with:

- 9 V battery
- Instruction manual

<u>Note</u>: Save all packing material until you are sure that the instrument functions correctly. A defective instrument must be returned in its original packing.

#### MODEL IDENTIFICATION

#### HI 96803

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## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The **HI 96803** Digital Glucose Refractometer is a rugged portable, water resistant device that benefits from Hanna's years of experience as a manufacturer of analytical instruments.

The **HI 96803** is an optical instrument that employs the measurement of refractive index to determine the % Glucose in aqueous solutions. The method is both simple and quick. Samples are measured after a simple user calibration with deionized or distilled water. Within seconds the instrument measures the refractive index of the sample and converts it to % by weight concentration units. The **HI 96803** digital refractometer eliminates the uncertainity associated with mechanical refractometers and is easily portable for measurements on the go.

The measurement technique and temperature compensation employ methodology recommended in the ICUMSA Methods Book (Internationally recognized body for Sugar Analysis).

Temperature (in °C or °F) is displayed simultaneously with the measurement on the large dual level display along with icons for Low Power and other helpful message codes.

Key features include:

- Dual-level ICD
- Automatic Temperature Compensation (ATC)
- Easy setup and storage
- Battery operation with Low Power indicator (BEPS)
- Automatically turns off after 3 minutes of non-use.

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Range: 0 to 85% / 0 to 80°C (32 to 176°F)

Resolution:  $\pm 0.1\% / \pm 0.1$ °C ( $\pm 0.1$ °F)

Accuracy:  $\pm 0.2\% / \pm 0.3$ °C ( $\pm 0.5$ °F)

Temperature Compensation: Automatic between 10 and 40°C (50 - 104°F)

Measurement Time: Approximately 1.5 seconds
Minimum Sample Volume: 100LL (cover prism totally)

Light Source: Yellow LED

Sample Cell: SS ring and flint glass prism

Case Material: ABS
Enclosure Rating: IP 65

Battery Type / Life: 1 X 9V / 5000 readings
Auto-Off: After 3 minutes of non-use
Dimensions: 19.2(W) x 10.2(D) x 6.7 (H)cm

Mass: 420g

3

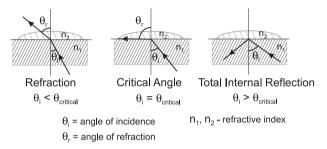
## PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The Glucose determination is made by measuring the refractive index of a solution. Refractive Index is an optical characteristic of a substance and the number of dissolved particles in it. Refractive Index is defined as the ratio of the speed of light in empty space to the speed of light in the substance. A result of this property is that light will "bend", or change direction, when it travels through a substance of different refractive index. This is called refraction.

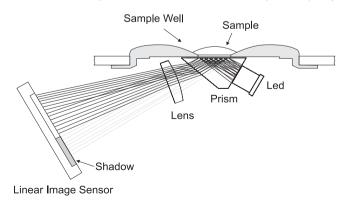
When passing from a material with a higher to lower refractive index, there is a critical angle at which an incoming beam of light can no longer refract, but will instead be reflected off the interface. The critical angle can be used to easily calculate the refractive index according to the equation:

$$\sin (\Theta_{critical}) = n_2/n_1$$

Where  $n_2$  is the refractive index of the lower-density medium;  $n_1$  is the refractive index of the higher-density medium.

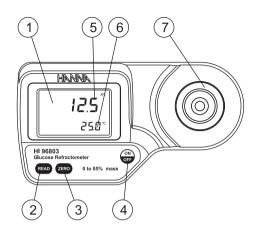


In the **HI 96803**, light from an LED passes through a prism in contact with the sample. An image sensor determines the critical angle at which the light is no longer refracted through the sample. The **HI 96803** automatically applies temperature compensation to the measurement and converts the refractive index of the sample to Glucose concentration in units of percent (by weight).



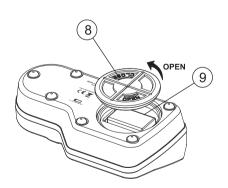
## **FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

#### TOP VIEW



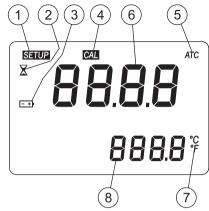
- 1. Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
- 2. Read Key (User Measurement)
- 3. Zero Key (User Calibration)
- 4. On/Off
- 5. Primary Display
- 6. Secondary Display
- 7. Stainless Steel Sample Well and Prism

## BOTTOM



- 8. Battery Cover
- 9. Battery Compartment

## **DISPLAY ELEMENTS**



- 1. SETUP: Factory Calibration Tag
- 2. Measurement in Progress Tag
- 3. Battery (blinks when low battery condition detected)
- 4. Calibration Tag
- 5. Automatic Temperature Compensation (blinks when temperature exceeds 10-40°C / 50-104°F range)
- 6 Primary Display (displays measurement and error messages)
- 7. Temperature Units
- 8. Secondary Display (displays temperature measurements; when blinking, temperature has exceeded operation range: 0-80°C / 32-176°F)

## MEASUREMENT GUIDELINES

- Handle instrument carefully. Do not drop.
- Do not immerse instrument under water.
- Do not spray water to any part of instrument except the "sample well" located over the prism.
- The instrument is intended to measure Glucose solutions. Do not expose instrument or prism
  to solvents that will damage it. This includes most organic solvents and extremely hot or cold
  solutions.
- Particulate matter in a sample may scratch the prism. Absorb sample on soft tissue and rinse sample well with deionized or distilled water between samples.
- Use plastic pipettes to transfer all solutions. Do not use metallic tools such as needles, spoons
  or tweezers as these will scratch the prism.

## **ERROR MESSAGES**

Error Code		Description	
Err	Err 25.0°	General failure. Cycle power to instrument. If instrument still has error, contact Hanna.	
LO Top display	<b>L O</b> 25.0°	Sample is reading lower than the 0 % BRIX standard used for meter calibration.	
HI Top display	<b>HI</b> 25.0°	Sample exceeds maximum measurement range.	
LO Top display Cal segment ON	<b>LO</b> 25.0°	Wrong calibration used to zero instrument. Use deionized or distilled water. Press Zero.	
HI Top display Cal segment ON	<b>HI</b> 25.0°	Wrong calibration used to zero instrument. Use deionized or distilled water. Press Zero.	
t LO Top display Cal segment ON	<b>₽ L O</b> 9.8°	Temperature exceeds ATC low limit (10 °C) during calibration.	
t HI Top display Cal segment ON	<b>E H</b> i 40.3°	Temperature exceeds ATC high limit (40 °C) during calibration.	
Air	<b>A, r</b> 25.0°	Prism surface insufficiently covered.	
Elt	EL	Too much external light for measurement. Cover sample well with hand.	
nLt	<b>□L E</b> 25.0°	LED light is not detected. Contact Hanna.	
Battery segment blinking	12.5 <sup>*</sup>	<5% of battery life is remaining.	
Temperature values are blinking 0.0° or 80.0°C	1 1.6   13.9 	Temperature measurement out of sampling range (0.0 to 80.0°C).	
ATC segment blinking	13.9	Outside temperature compensation range (10 to 40°C).	
SETUP segment blinking	25.0°	Factory calibration lost. Contact Hanna.	

## **CALIBRATION**

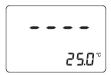
Calibration should be performed daily, before measurements are made, when the battery has been replaced, or between a long series of measurements.

1. Press the **ON/OFF** key, then release. Two instrument test screens will be displayed briefly; a LCD segment followed by the percentage of remaining battery life. When LCD displays dashes, the instrument is ready.









2. Using plastic pipettes, fill the sample well with distilled or deionized water.

Note: If the ZERO sample is subject to intense light such as sunlight or another strong source, cover the sample well with your hand or other shade during the calibration.



3. Press the **ZERO** key. If no error messages appear, your unit is calibrated. (For a description of ERROR MESSAGES see page 7).

Note: The 0.0 screen will remain until a sample is measured or the power is turned off.







4. Gently absorb the ZERO water standard with a soft tissue. Use care not to scratch the prism surface. Wipe off the surface completely. The instrument is ready for sample measurement. **Note**: If instrument is turned off the calibration will not be lost.



Verify the instrument has been calibrated before taking measurements.

1. Wipe off prism surface located at the bottom of the sample well.



2. Using plastic pipettes, drip sample onto the prism surface. Fill the well completely.

<u>Note</u>: If the temperature of the sample differs significantly from the temperature of the instrument, wait approximately 1 minute to allow thermal equilibration.



3. Press the **READ** key. Measurement is displayed in units of % by weight (w/w).

<u>Note</u>: The last measurement value will be displayed until the next sample is measured or the instrument is turned off. Temperature will be continuously updated.







<u>Note</u>: The ATC tag blinks and automatic temperature compensation is disabled if the temperature exceeds the  $10-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $50-104^{\circ}\text{F}$  range.

- 4. Remove sample from the sample well by absorbing on a soft tissue.
- 5. Using plastic pipettes, rinse prism and sample well with distilled or deionized water. Wipe dry. The instrument is ready for the next sample.





## MAKING A STANDARD % GLUCOSE SOLUTION

To make a Glucose Solution, follow the procedure below:

- Place container (such as a glass vial or dropper bottle that has a cover) on an analytical balance.
- Tare the balance
- To make an X Glucose solution weigh out X grams of high purity Glucose (CAS #: 50-99-7) directly into the container.
- Add distilled or deionized water to the container so the total weight of the solution is 100g.
- **Note:** Solutions above 20% may need to be vigorously stirred or shaken and heated in a water bath. Remove solution when glucose has dissolved. Cool completely before use.

Example with 25%:

<u>%</u>	g Glucose	g Water	g Total
25	25.000	75.000	100.000

## TO CHANGE TEMPERATURE UNITS

To change the temperature measurement unit from Celsius to Fahrenheit (or vice versa), follow this procedure.

1. Press and hold the **ON/OFF** key continuously for aproximately 8 seconds. The LCD will display the "all segment" screen followed by a screen with the model number on the primary display and the version number on the secondary display. Continue pressing the **ON/OFF** key.







2. While continuing to hold the ON/OFF key, press the ZERO key. The temperature unit will change from °C to °F or vice versa.







10

#### BATTERY REPLACEMENT

To replace the instrument's battery, follow these steps:

• Turn the instrument OFF by pressing the **ON/OFF** key.



• Turn instrument upside down and remove the battery cover by turning it counterclockwise.



- Extract the battery from its location.
- Replace with fresh 9V battery making certain to observe polarity.
- Insert the back battery cover and fasten it by turning clockwise to engage.

## WARRANTY

HI 96803 is warranted for two years against defects in workmanship and materials when used for its intended purpose and maintained according to the instructions.

This warranty is limited to repair or replacement free of charge.

Damage due to accident, misuse, tampering or lack of prescribed maintenance is not covered. If service is required, contact your dealer. If under warranty, report the model number, date of purchase, serial number and the nature of the failure. If the repair is not covered by the warranty, you will be notified of the charges incurred.

If the instrument is to be returned to Hanna Instruments, first obtain a Returned Goods Authorization Number from the Customer Service Department and then send it with shipment costs prepaid. When shipping any instrument, make sure it is properly packaged for complete

To validate your warranty, fill out and return the enclosed warranty card within 14 days from the date of purchase.